

EXHIBIT B

LS ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AB A review with 24 refs. Ziprasidone is a novel antipsychotic drug. It has

high affinity for serotonin 5-HT2 and dopamine D2 receptors in vitro, with an 11-fold higher affinity for 5-HT2 than for D2 receptors, suggestive of a low potential for inducing motor disturbance (including extrapyramidal symptoms (EPS)). The effects of ziprasidone in receptor binding studies reflected its in vitro pharmacol.,

with more potent effects against 5-HT2 receptor-than against D2 receptor-mediated behavior. Because ziprasidone inhibits serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine; 5-HT) and noradrenaline (norepinephrine) reuptake, it may have anxiolytic and antidepressant effects. Data from phase II

and

III clin. trials have shown ziprasidone to be effective in reducing the pos. and neg. symptoms of, and depression assocd. with, schizophrenia, and

in reducing anxiety in patients about to undergo dental surgery. Ziprasidone was generally well tolerated in phase II and III clin. trials,

with somnolence and nausea being the most frequently reported adverse events in placebo-controlled studies. Motor disturbances, including EPS, were infrequently obsd.

AN 1997:593623 CAPLUS

DN 127:242699

TI Ziprasidone

AU Davis, Rick; Markham, Anthony

CS Adis International Limited, Auckland, N. Z.

SO CNS Drugs (1997), 8(2), 153-159

CODEN: CNDREF; ISSN: 1172-7047

PB Adis

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

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IT 146939-27-7, Ziprasidone

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ziprasidone for psychotic disorders)